

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mendapatkan bukti empiris tentang: *Good Corporate Governance* (GCG), *Return On Asset* (ROA), dan *Return On Equity* (ROE) terhadap tingkat signifikansi Pertumbuhan Laba. Penelitian ini tergolong penelitian kuantitatif. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah perusahaan sektor keuangan peserta *Corporate Governance Perception Index* (CGPI) pada tahun 2015-2019. Peneliti menentukan jumlah sampel perusahaan yang diambil dengan kriteria tertentu (*teknik purposive sampling*). Metode analisis yang digunakan adalah analisis regresi linear berganda. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa (1) *Good Corporate Governance* (GCG) tidak berpengaruh terhadap pertumbuhan laba. (2) *Return On Asset* (ROA) tidak berpengaruh terhadap pertumbuhan laba. (3) *Return On Equity* (ROE) berpengaruh terhadap pertumbuhan laba. (4) *Good Corporate Governance* (GCG), *Return On Asset* (ROA), *Return On Equity* (ROE) secara simultan berpengaruh terhadap pertumbuhan laba. Dalam penelitian ini disarankan: Pada peneliti selanjutnya diharapkan dapat lebih memperpanjang periode penelitian terhadap Pertumbuhan Laba. Pada peneliti selanjutnya diharapkan dapat menambah jumlah variabel bebas (*Good Corporate Governance* (GCG), *Return On Asset* (ROA), dan *Return On Equity* (ROE)) terhadap variabel terikat (Pertumbuhan Laba) selain dari variabel bebas tersebut. Pada penelitian selanjutnya bisa untuk mencoba pada sektor lain perusahaan peserta *Corporate Governance Perception Index* (CGPI).

Kata kunci: *Good Corporate Governance* (GCG), *Return On Asset* (ROA), *Return On Equity* (ROE), dan Pertumbuhan Laba.

ABSTRACT

This research aims to obtain empirical evidence about: Good Corporate Governance (GCG), Return On Assets (ROA), and Return On Equity (ROE) to the significance level of Profit Growth. This research is classified as quantitative research. The population in this study were financial sector companies participating in the Corporate Governance Perception Index (CGPI) in 2015-2019. Researchers determine the number of samples of companies taken with certain criteria (purposive sampling technique). The analytical method used is multiple linear regression analysis. The results of this research show that (1) Good Corporate Governance (GCG) has no effect on profit growth. (2) Return on Assets (ROA) has no effect on profit growth. (3) Return On Equity (ROE) has an effect on profit growth. (4) Good Corporate Governance (GCG), Return on Assets (ROA), Return On Equity (ROE) simultaneously affect profit growth. In this study, it is suggested: Future researchers are expected to be able to further extend the research period on Profit Growth. Further researchers are expected to be able to increase the number of independent variables (Good Corporate Governance (GCG), Return On Assets (ROA), and Return On Equity (ROE)) to the dependent variable (Profit Growth) apart from the independent variables. In future research, it is possible to try other sectors of companies participating in the Corporate Governance Perception Index (CGPI).

Keywords: *Good Corporate Governance (GCG), Return On Asset (ROA), Return On Equity (ROE), and Profit Growth.*